

## St Brigid's Catholic Primary School – Measurement - Progression Map

	COMPARING AND ESTIMATING											
24mths	30mths		36mths			42mths		48mths				
Builds a tower or creates lines with	Fills and empties containers with	Engage	Engages in lining up, placing, arranging		Explores mathematical resources in the		e Uses everyday v	Uses everyday vocabulary to describe				
objects	growing purpose using sand, water	or and rep	and repositioning materials		provision in every day exploration		and compare me	and compare measure (size, weight,				
	other play materials.						capacity and tim	ne).				

	,	ther play materials.	,		stationary materials				capacity and time	, ,	
54mths	60mths	66mths	Year	1	Year 2	Year	. 3	Year 4		Year 5	Year 6
Uses comparative language to describe and compare measures (size, weight, capacity and time).	Orders three or more measures (size, weight and capacity) whilst playing.	children are able to	compare, des and solve pro problems for: * lengths a heights [e long/short longer/sh tall/short double/ho * mass/wei [e.g. head heavier th lighter the * capacity volume [e full/empty than, less half, half quarter] * time [e.g. quicker, s earlier, lo	actical  ind ie.g.  rt, actical  re, actical  rey, actical  rey, alf  ight  vy/light, han, and and ie.g. y, more s than, full, all	compare and order lengths, mass, volume/capacity and record the results using >, < and =	to begin to estimate, co and calculat different me including m pounds and	ompare te easures, oney in ! pence	estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money in pounds and pence (also included in Measuring)	comp squa recta using squa. (cm , metro estim irreg (also meas estim (e.g. block and	ulate and pare the area of ares and angles including g standard units, are centimetres 2) and square res (m²) and mate the area of gular shapes o included in suring) mate volume . using 1 cm² ks to build cubes cuboids) and acity (e.g. using er)	calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including centimetre cubed (cm³) and cubic metres (m³), and extending to other units such as mm³ and km³.
			sequence ever chronological using langua before and af next, first, too yesterday, tomorrow, m	l order ge [e.g. fter, day,	compare and sequence intervals of time	compare du of events, fo example to the time tak particular eu tasks	or calculate en by				



			afternoon and	d							140/10.
			evening]				, ,				
							and read				
						accuraci	th increasing				
						nearest	,				
						I	ind compare				
						time in	,				
							, minutes,				
							nd o'clock;				
						I	abulary such				
						as a.m./	,				
							, afternoon,				
							id midnight				
						(appears	,				
						Telling th	ne Time)				
				MEASU	RING and CALCULA	ATING					
24mt		30mths			36mths			42mths			8mths
Builds a tower or objects		Fills empty containers using or other play materials	and repo		lining up, placing, a itioning materials		provision in every day explore		and compare measure (size, weight, capacity and time).		
54mths	60mths	66mths	Year		Year 2		Year 4			Year 5	Year 6
use comparative language to describe and compare measure (size, weight, capacity and time)	order three or more measures (size, weight and capacity)	use everyday language of measure (size, weight and capacity) when comparing quantities	measure and record the form the form the form the ights  * mass/weights	ollowing:	choose and use appropriate standard units to estimate and	and subt (m/cm/n (kg/g);	, compare, add tract: lengths nm); mass 'capacity (l/ml)	estimate, compare and calculate different measures, including money	ope pro me	e all four erations to solve oblems involving asure (e.g. a <b>qth, mass,</b>	solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using



		thermometers and				+qoi -
		measuring vessels				
			measure the <b>perimeter</b>	measure and	measure and	recognise that
			of simple 2-D shapes	calculate the	calculate the	shapes with the
				<b>perimeter</b> of a	perimeter of	same areas can have
				rectilinear figure	composite rectilinear	different <b>perimeters</b>
				(including squares)	shapes in	and vice versa
				in centimetres and	centimetres and	
				metres	metres	



		MEASUR	ING and CAL	CULAT	ING – Money/ Peri	neter/	Area/ Mass	/ Volume		
24mth	hs	30mths			36mths			42mths	L	8mths
Use signs or speech to	request more									
54mths	60mths	66mths	Year 1		Year 2	)	lear 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
			recognise and the value of didenominations coins and note	ifferent of	recognise and use symbols for pounds (£) and pence (p); combine amounts to make a particular value  find different combinations of coins that equal the same amounts of money  solve simple problems in a practical context involving addition and subtraction of money of the same unit, including giving change	amounts to give both £ a	I subtract s of <b>money</b> change, using and p in I contexts	to build further on adding and subtracting amounts of <b>money</b> to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts	to build further on adding and subtracting amounts of <b>money</b> to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts	to build further on adding and subtracting amounts of <b>money</b> to give change, using both £ and p in practical contexts
								find the area of rectilinear shapes by counting squares	calculate and compare the area of squares and	calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles



								usir squ (cm met esti	tangles including ng standard units, are centimetres n') and square tres (m') and mate the area of	calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres (cm ) and cubic metres	
								recc squ	gular shapes  ognise and use  are numbers and  e numbers, and the	(m³), and extending to other units [e.g. mm³ and km³].	
								note (*) (cop Mul	ation for squared and cubed $(1)$ bied from ltiplication and ison)	recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes	
				TELLING THE T	IME			5.00		,	
24mi	hs	30mths		36mths			42mths		48mths		
				Begins to understand that order and sequence to fami					, , , , ,		
54mths	60mths	66mths	Year 1	Year 2	Year	,	Year 4		Year 5	Year 6	
use comparative language to describe and compare time — events that are to happen/ have happened	use comparative language to order three events	use comparative language to order/ sequence 3-5 events	tell the time to the hour and half pas the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.	t time to five minutes, w including quarter past/to the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times. know the number of	tell and writ from an ana clock, includ Roman num I to XII, and and 24-hour estimate and	logue ing using erals from ! 12-hour clocks ! read	read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks (appears also in Converting)				
			language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months an years	minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day.	time with ind accuracy to nearest minu and compare terms of seco minutes, how o'clock; use	the ite; record e time in onds,					



		vocabulary such as a.m./p.m., morning, afternoon, noon and midnight			141()
		(appears also in			
		Comparing and			
		Estimating)			
			solve problems	solve problems	
			involving converting	involving converting	
			from hours to minutes;	between units of time	
			minutes to seconds;		
			years to months;		
			weeks to days		
			(appears also in		
			Converting)		



				CONVERTING				
54mths	60mths	66mths	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
				know the number of minutes in an hour and the number of hours in a day. (appears also in Telling the Time)	know the number of seconds in a minute and the number of days in each month, year and leap year	convert between different units of measure (e.g. kilometre to metre; hour to minute)	convert between different units of metric measure (e.g. kilometre and metre; centimetre and millimetre; gram and kilogram; litre and millilitre)	use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places
						read, write and convert time between analogue and digital 12 and 24-hour clocks (appears also in Converting)	solve problems involving converting between units of time	solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate (appears also in Measuring and Calculating)
						solve problems involving converting from hours to minutes; minutes to seconds; years to months; weeks to days (appears also in Telling the Time)	understand and use approximate equivalences between metric units and common imperial units such as inches, pounds and pints	convert between miles and kilometres